New Brunswick Private Woodlot Stumpage Values

Supplementary Analyses and Observations January 2021 to December 2021



New Brunswick
Forest Products Commission

Commission des produits forestiers du Nouveau Brunswick

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INTRODUCTION

The value of standing timber is typically referred to as stumpage, which is the value offered to a landowner by another party interested in harvesting the landowner's timber. Since 2016, the New Brunswick Forest Products Commission (the Commission) has conducted annual stumpage studies to provide guidance to the Department of Natural Resources and Energy Development as to the fair market values for standing timber originating on private woodlots in New Brunswick. The methodology and results of the stumpage study for the reporting period from January 2021 through December 2021 is found in the report titled 'New Brunswick Private Woodlot Stumpage Values - Stumpage Study Results - January 2021 to December 2021'. The purpose of this report is to provide supplementary analyses and observations made by the Commission based on the data collected in the process of the annual stumpage study.

SPECIES / PRODUCTS GROUPS USED

The Commission grouped species and/or products commonly applied in stumpage agreements between a woodlot owner and the person purchasing an owner's trees. Table 1 is a summary of the various species and products grouped and used to analyze stumpage values in the study and in the supplementary analyses.

Table 1. Species and Products groups used in the study.

SPECIES	ECIES PRODUCT	
CEDAR	SAWLOG	
CEDAR	STUD	CEDSAW
CEDAR	SHINGLEWOOD	CEDSAW
CEDAR	TREELENGTH	
POPLAR	CHIPS	
HARDWOOD	CHIPS	HWDPW
HARDWOOD	PULPWOOD	
POPLAR	PULPWOOD	
HARDWOOD	SAWLOG	HWDSL
RED PINE	PULPWOOD	
HEMLOCK	PULPWOOD	OCD\\/D**
WHITE PINE	PULPWOOD	OSRWB**
TAMARACK	PULPWOOD	

SPECIES	PRODUCT	GROUP	
RED PINE	SAWLOG		
TAMARACK	SAWLOG	OSSL	
HEMLOCK	SAWLOG		
WHITE PINE	SAWLOG	PISL	
SPF*	ROUNDWOOD		
SPF	BIOMASS	SPFRWB**	
SPF*	CHIPS	SPERWE	
SPF*	PULPWOOD		
SPF*	SAWLOG	SPFSL	
SPF*	STUD	SPFST	
SPF*	TREELENGTH	SPFTL	
OSRWB & SPFRWB GROUPS***	PULPWOOD & ROUNDWOOD BIOMASS	SWDPW	

^{*}SPF = Spruce, Fir, Jack Pine, ** RWB = Round wood biomass, including pulpwood and chips produced at the harvest site. *** - New grouping

VOLUME OF DATA CURRENT STUDY VS. PREVIOUS STUDIES

The level of detail in the current submitted data was such that the Commission was able to determine prices paid for the species/product groups within each woodlot. By assuming that each woodlot represents a stumpage agreement, combined with the species/product pricing associated within each agreement, the Commission was able to align the study data with metrics that were used in past surveys. This enabled the Commission to conduct a direct comparison between the current study response level and those of previous surveys. Table 2 provides a comparison of the response level from the current study to the previous eight (8) surveys where stumpage agreements and price points were used as the metrics.

Table 2. Response levels: current study vs. previous eight (8) studies completed.

Report Period	Stumpage Agreements	Price Points
Jan 2021 to Dec 2021	454	3,255*
Jan 2020 to Dec 2020	531	2,528
Oct 2018 to Dec 2019 (15 mo.)	677	3,160
Oct 2017 to Sept 2018	567	3,872
Oct 2016 to Sept 2017	509	3,383
Oct 2015 to Sept 2016	655	5,167
Oct 2014 to Sept 2015	461	2,650
December 2013	102	741
June 2011	156	716

^{*} Number of stumpage agreements and price points are affected by the size of harvest jobs, number of participants who purchased or administered stumpage agreements, and overall production levels.

PROVINCIAL RESULTS

For each year that the Commission has conducted the stumpage study, the provincial results have been published in its report. The following table 3 compares the Provincial Stumpage Study Results by year that the study has been conducted by the Commission.

Table 3. Comparison of Provincial average stumpage rates determined by the Commission by species/product group and year.

Species/ Product Group	Oct 2014 - Sep 2015	Oct 2015 - Sep 2016	Oct 2016 - Sep 2017	Oct 2017 - Sep 2018	Oct 2018 - Dec 2019	Jan 2020 – Dec 2020	Jan 2021 – Dec 2021
CEDSAW	\$ 19.62	\$ 17.60	\$ 16.93	\$ 17.52	\$ 17.52	\$ 17.87	\$ 21.59
HWDPW	\$ 10.00	\$ 12.24	\$ 10.13	\$ 9.94	\$ 9.93	\$ 10.14	\$ 10.53
HWDSL	\$ 19.69	\$ 30.65	\$ 20.47	\$ 21.06	\$ 33.72	\$ 26.39	\$ 22.72
OSRWB**	\$ 4.40	\$ 5.33	\$ 5.21	\$ 2.04	\$ 3.89	\$ 1.81	
OSSL	\$ 9.19	\$ 8.16	\$ 10.61	\$ 9.93	\$ 10.25	\$ 15.48	\$ 17.62
PISL	\$ 15.23	\$ 16.95	\$ 16.77	\$ 15.68	\$ 17.92	\$ 17.18	\$ 17.11
SPFRWB**	\$ 5.98	\$ 5.41	\$ 4.51	\$ 4.07	\$ 4.29	\$ 3.44	
SPFSL	\$ 19.01	\$ 20.17	\$ 19.06	\$ 17.82	\$ 20.64	\$ 19.82	\$ 20.37
SPFST	\$ 15.93	\$ 16.68	\$ 16.77	\$ 15.42	\$ 16.89	\$ 16.51	\$ 16.84
SWDPW**							\$ 3.37
SPFTL	\$ 12.29	\$ 16.50	\$ 13.77	*\$ 17.92	*\$ 20.72	*\$ 18.27	*\$ 19.63

^{* -} SPFTL stumpage data is limited to data from two Board regions and reflects specialized transactions and demand during the study period. For this reason, the Commission does not recommend using this figure as a basis for SPF treelength FMV on Crown land where treelength rates are used.

MILL-PURCHASED AND CONTRACTOR-PURCHASED STUMPAGE VALUES

Because the Commission collects data for all (100%) of the private woodlot stumpage purchased by mills, it is known that mill-purchased stumpage represents approximately 15% of all of the stumpage purchased from private woodlots in New Brunswick and 85% is purchased from woodlot owners by independent contractors. The data allows the Commission to conduct a comparison of the two stumpage purchase

^{** -} New grouping of all softwood species pulpwood products.

methods. Table 4 compares the arithmetic mean of stumpage values paid by mills and by independent contractors.

Table 4. Comparison of values between mill purchased and contractor purchased stumpage data.

Species/ Product Group	Mill Purchased Stumpage (\$/m3)	Mill Purchased Volume (m3) (= Data Volume)	Contractor Purchased Stumpage (\$/m3)	Contractor Stumpage Data Volume (m3)	Contractor Purchased Volume* (m3)	Contractor Data % of Contractor Volume
CEDSAW	\$ 22.07	4,543	\$ 22.03	3,394	9,131	37%
HWDPW	\$ 10.52	63,396	\$ 11.81	71,182	323,995	22%
HWDSL	\$ 26.96	834	\$ 21.56	2,515	55,714	5%
OSSL	\$ 22.25	3,621	\$ 13.30	2,386	3,705	64%
PISL**	\$ 16.67	1,812	\$ 18.34	16,369	18,122	90%
SPFSL	\$ 23.85	24,084	\$ 18.62	59,812	197,115	30%
SPFST	\$ 18.32	56,227	\$ 15.92	105,913	458,850	23%
SWDPW	\$ 2.92	21,643	\$ 3.80	44,214	188,733	23%
Totals		176,160		305,785	1,254,213	24%

^{* -} Calculated by subtracting mill purchased stumpage volumes from total estimated stumpage purchases.

SPECIES PRODUCT GROUPS VS INDIVIDUAL SPECIES PRODUCTS

Within the more commonly produced species product groups, and where sufficient data was collected, the species product groups of CEDSAW, HWDPW, and SPFRWB can be separated. Because of the relatively small volume of production of the groups OSRWB and OSSL, there is insufficient data to provide a statistically reliable breakdown of the individual species product combinations.

Comparisons can be made between the Provincial stumpage study result for the group and individual components of the group. However, because the Provincial result is calculated using the impact of regional rates and production, the Commission calculated a regional weighting factor to be applied to the arithmetic averages of the individual species products within the groups listed below. The Commission wanted to ensure consistency between the individual species product level rates and the Provincial weighted average rate for each group. Table 5 provides the regional weighting factor that was used for each species product group and is calculated as the ratio between the Provincial weighted average and the arithmetic average of each species product. Table 6 is a summary of the arithmetic mean (adjusted with regional weighting factor) for various individual species product categories within the species product groups.

Table 5. Regional weighting factors applied to arithmetic means of individual species product categories within a species product group.

Species	Provincial Weighted	Provincial Arithmetic	Regional Weighting
Product Group	Average (\$/m3)	Average (\$/m3)	Factor Applied
CEDSAW	\$ 21.59	\$ 22.05	0.9791
HWDPW	\$ 10.53	\$ 11.23	0.9377
SWDPW	\$ 3.37	\$ 3.54	0.9520

^{** -} Total Production of PISL used for calculations.

Table 6. Summary of the arithmetic mean (adjusted with regional weighting factor) for various individual species product categories within the species product groups and comparison to Provincial stumpage study result for the group.

Species Product Group	Species	Product	Adjusted Average Stumpage (\$/m3)	Provincial Weighted Average (\$/m3)	
	CEDAR	Sawlog	\$ 20.58		
CEDSAM	CEDAR	Studwood	\$ 21.20	\$ 21.59	
CEDSAW	CEDAR	Shinglewood	\$ 22.33	\$ 21.59	
	CEDAR	Treelength	\$ 24.08		
	BIRCH	Pulpwood	\$ 10.31		
HWDPW	MIXED HARDWOOD	Pulpwood	\$ 12.09	\$ 10.53	
ПИИДРИИ	MIXED HARDWOOD	Full-tree chips	\$ 6.06	\$ 10.53	
	POPLAR	Pulpwood	\$ 10.92		
	Spruce / Fir, J. Pine	Pulpwood	\$ 3.62		
SPFRWB	Spruce / Fir, J. Pine	Full-tree chips	\$ 2.43	\$ 3.37	
	Other softwoods	Pulpwood	\$ 2.28		

AVERAGE STUMPAGE VALUE COMPARED TO AVERAGE DELIVERED VALUE

Mean Delivered Value (\$/m3) compared to Mean Stumpage Value (\$/m3) by Month (delivered value on top, stumpage value on bottom for each month). Shaded cells denote months with no data.















